

ÁR NGEILLEAGAR EACNAMAÍOCHT Á CUR I NGNÍOMH

TASC

Taighde ar na tairbhí agus na dúshláin a bhaineann le ballraíocht na hÉireann san Aontas Eorpach

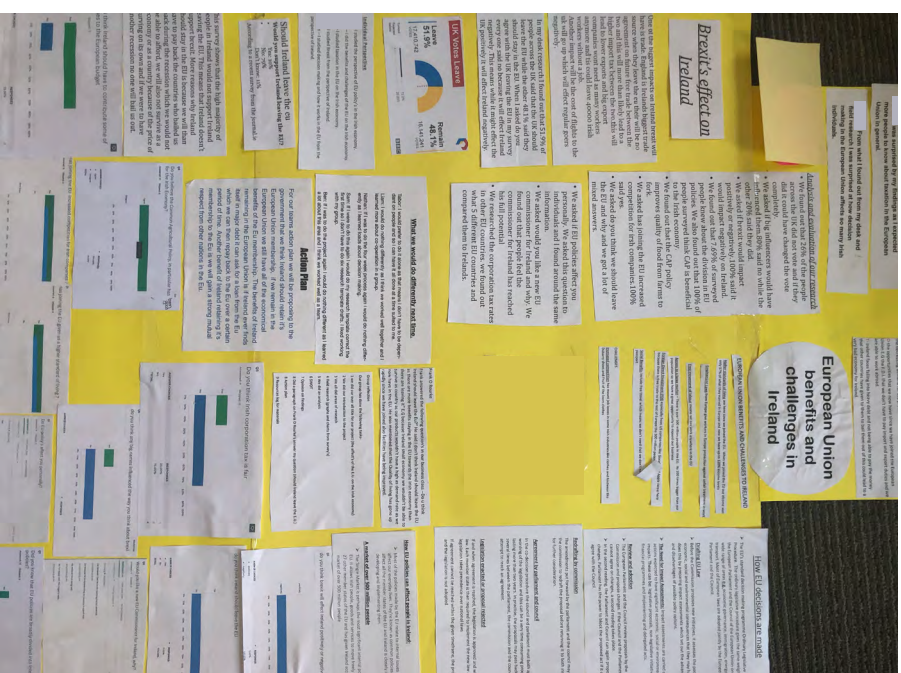
NA GNÉITHE CÁILÍOCHTA DO MEASÚNÚ RANGBHUNAITHE 1

Féach Staidéar Gnó na Sraithe Sóisearaí:

[Treoirínite do na Measúnuithe Rangbhunaithe agus don Tasc Measúnaithe](#)

Staidéar Gnó na Sraithe Sóisearaí – An Dara Bliain

FIANNAISE: TIONSCADAL



SCROLLAIGH ANUAS CHUN ÍOMHÁNNA NÍOS MIONSONRAITHE DEN TIONSCADAL A FHEICEÁIL.

NA GNÉITHE CÁLÍOCHTA

GC 1: Dúsáid an scoláire modhanna taighde deise agus allannúigh go héifeachtach agus tá an taighde críochnúil.

GC 3: Tá ardchaitheán ag baint leis an bplean gníomhaíochta. Ach, d'fhéadfadh an scoláire é a fheabhsú trí bhreith a dhéanamh ar an bplean gníomhaíochta ó níos mó dearchtaí.

GC 4: Tá an tionscadal cuimsitheach agus taitneamhach le féachaint air. D'fhéadfaí é a fheabhsú trí roinnt den eolas a chur in ord éagsúil ionad go leanann an seicheamh níos éasca.

FIANNAISE: TIONSCADAL

...many in the European Union affects so many Irish individuals.

Brexit's effect on Ireland

One of the biggest impacts on Ireland Brexit will have is trade. England is Ireland's biggest trade source when they leave the EU their will be no agreement on future free trade between the two and this will more than likely lead to a higher import tax between the two. This will lead to lower exports and big export companies won't need as many workers anymore and this could leave 40,000 Irish workers without a job. Another impact will be the cost of flights to the UK will go up which will affect regular goers negatively.

In my desk research I found out that 51.9% of people across the UK said that the UK should leave the EU while the other 48.1% said they should stay in the EU. When I asked do you agree with the UK leaving the EU in my survey every one said no because it will affect Ireland negatively. This means while it might affect the UK positively it will affect Ireland negatively.

UK Votes Leave
Leave 51.9%
Remain 48.1%

Analysis and evaluation of our research

- We found out that 26% of the people across the UK did not vote and if they did it could have changed the vote completely.
- We asked if big influencers would have influenced them, 80% said no while the other 20% said they did.
- We asked if Brexit would impact positively or negatively, 100% said it would impact negatively on Ireland.
- We found out that 7.69% of surveyed people knew about the division in EU policies. We also found out that 100% of people surveyed think CAP is beneficial to the Irish economy.
- We found out that the CAP policy improves quality of food from farms to fork.
- We asked has joining the EU increased competition for Irish companies, 100% said yes.
- We asked do you think we should leave the EU and why and we got a lot of mixed answers.

- We asked if EU policies affect you personally. We asked this question to individuals and I found around the same information.
- We asked would you like a new EU commissioner for Ireland and why. We found out that people feel the commissioner for Ireland has reached his full potential.
- We researched the corporation tax rates in other EU countries. We found out what 5 different EU countries and compared them to Ireland.

From my research in both field and desk I was quite surprised as I would have thought more people would have known about European Union policies and how important they are to the Irish Economy.

I thought my findings from my field and desk research were pretty good as my findings show it is more beneficial for Ireland to stay in the European Union.

I was not really surprised by my research as I listened to quite a bit of Brexit material both on the radio and on the television.

I was surprised by my findings as I expected more people to know about taxation in the European Union in general.

From what I found out from my desk and field research I was surprised at how decision making in the European Union affects so many Irish individuals.

Analysis and evaluation of our research

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Introduction

Our project is on of being a member of the EU. In our project we will look at different areas of the EU and how it affects Ireland. The areas we will look at are Brexit, EU policies, corporation tax, EU commissioner and the European Union's strengths and challenges.

SWOT

5- We as a country can take money out of the European Union if we are going through some shortage in finance, we would not be able to survive as a country without the European Union.

W- Increased competition is cause because of joining the European Union which has caused many shops such as Debenhams to close down because of the decreasing demand for the product because of Nike and Adidas.

O- The opportunities that we now have since we have joined the European Union is that we don't have to pay import and export duties and we are able to work abroad.

T- Ireland faces falling into heavy debt and not being able to pay the money that other countries have given to them to bail them out of this could lead to a very bad economy for Ireland.

European Union benefits and challenges in Ireland

EUROPEAN UNION BENEFITS AND CHALLENGES TO IRELAND

Staidéar Gnó na Sraithe Sóisearaí – An Dara Bliain

FIANNAISE: TIONSCADAL

European Union benefits and challenges in Ireland

ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION OF OUR RESEARCH

- We found out that 25% of the people across the UK did not vote and if they did it could have changed the vote completely.
- We asked if big influencers would have influenced them 80% said no while the other 20% said they did.
- We asked if Brexit would impact positively or negatively, 100% said it would impact negatively on Ireland.
- We found out that 75.9% of surveyed people knew about the division in EU policies. We also found out that 100% of people surveyed think CAP is beneficial to the Irish economy.
- We found out that the CAP policy improves quality of food from farms to fork.
- We asked has joining the EU increased competition for Irish companies, 100% said yes.
- We asked do you think we should leave the EU and why and we got a lot of mixed answers.
- We asked if EU policies affect you personally. We asked this question to individuals and I found around the same information.
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- We researched the corporation tax rates in other EU countries we found out what 5 different EU countries and compared them to Ireland's.

EUROPEAN UNION BENEFITS AND CHALLENGES TO IRELAND

Benefits:

- Historical advantages: EU has been a source of EU. When we joined the EU our economy was 7% of the average of other EU countries.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its infrastructure and services.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its environment and quality of life.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its social services.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its education system.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its healthcare system.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its agricultural sector.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its tourism sector.

Challenges:

- EU has helped Ireland to improve its infrastructure and services.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its environment and quality of life.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its social services.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its education system.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its healthcare system.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its agricultural sector.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its tourism sector.

What we would do differently next time:

1. I would prefer to do a survey as that might not have to be as big as the one we did. I would also like to do a survey as that might not have to be as big as the one we did. I would also like to do a survey as that might not have to be as big as the one we did.

Nathan Pinn

EU'S AND CHALLENGES TO IRELAND

EU'S AND CHALLENGES TO IRELAND

Benefits:

- Historical advantages: EU has been a source of EU. When we joined the EU our economy was 7% of the average of other EU countries.
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- EU has helped Ireland to improve its agricultural sector.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its tourism sector.

Challenges:

- EU has helped Ireland to improve its infrastructure and services.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its environment and quality of life.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its social services.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its education system.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its healthcare system.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its agricultural sector.
- EU has helped Ireland to improve its tourism sector.

How EU decisions are made

- The EU's standard decision making programme Ordinary Legislative Procedure. The ordinary legislative procedure gives the same weight to the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union in a wide range of areas. The ordinary legislative procedure is used for most EU laws. EU laws are adopted jointly by the European Parliament and the Council.
- Drafting EU Law**
- Before the Commission proposes new initiatives, it assesses the potential economic, social and environmental consequences that they may have. It does this by preparing impact assessments which set out the advantages and disadvantages of possible policy options.
- The Need for Impact Assessments:** Impact assessments are carried out on actions expected to have significant economic, social or environmental impacts. These can be: legislative proposals, non-legislative initiatives such as financial programmes and implementing and delegated acts.
- Review and adoption**
- The Council of Ministers and the Council review proposals by the Commission and the Council. The Council and the Parliament cannot agree on changes, a special legislative procedure can be used. In the second reading, the Parliament and Council can again propose changes. Parliament has the power to block the proposed act if it cannot agree with the Council.
- Redrafting by commission**
- The amendments put forward by the parliament and the council may require the commission to redraft the proposal before returning it to both institutions for further consideration.
- Agreement by parliament and council**
- In the co-decision procedure the council and parliament must both agree on the wording of the legislation and this can be a very time consuming process lasting more than two years. In practice, the proposals may pass back and forth several times between the parliament, the commission and the council, as they attempt to reach an agreement.
- Legislation rejected or proposal rejected**
- If and when agreement is reached, the legislation is approved and will pass into law, each member state is then required to implement the new law and EU legislation takes precedence over national laws
- If agreement cannot be reached within the given timeframe, the proposal fails and the legislation is not adopted.

How EU policies can affect people in Ireland:

- Major of them are the same as in other countries.

Staidéar Gnó na Sraithe Sóisearaí – An Dara Bliain

FIANNAISE: TIONSCADAL

The collage consists of several elements:

- Survey Interface:** A screenshot of a survey tool showing a progress bar at 100% and a list of questions. The questions are:
 - Q1: Do EU policy's affect you personally? (Answered: 4, Skipped: 0)
 - Q2: How much have you changed your car tax payments? (Options: 1/3, 1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 4/5, 5/6, 6/7, 7/8, 8/9, 9/10, 10/10)
 - Q3: How much have you changed your fuel payments? (Options: 1/3, 1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 4/5, 5/6, 6/7, 7/8, 8/9, 9/10, 10/10)
 - Q4: How much have you changed your mobile phone payments? (Options: 1/3, 1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 4/5, 5/6, 6/7, 7/8, 8/9, 9/10, 10/10)
- VAT rates in:**
 - France = 20%
 - Finland = 24%
 - Germany = 19%
 - Greece = 21%
 - Italy = 20%
 - Source: eurstat.com / kpmg.com
- Sources used:**
 - Desk: The Business by Joe Stafford, Be Business by Caroline McHale. Field: www.unionofficial.com, www.ELsituations.com, www.Europa.com, Survey Monkey.
 - Desk: Be Business by Caroline McHale. Field: www.europa.eu, www.dfa.ie, www.wikipedia.org, Survey Monkey.
 - Desk: Be Business by Caroline McHale. Field: www.thejournal.ie, www.dbc.co.uk, www.dailyexpress.com, www.irishtimes.com, www.thetraveler.co.uk, www.Europa.com, Survey Monkey.
 - Desk: Be Business by Caroline McHale. Field: www.KPMG.com, www.Europa.eu, www.ltdf.org, www.imis.com, www.irishtimes.com, Survey Monkey.
 - Desk: It's The Business by Joe Stafford, Be Business by Caroline McHale. Field: www.Europa.eu, www.dfa.ie, www.irishindependent.com, Survey Monkey.
 - 3 people answered
- Corporation tax rates in:**
 - Luxembourg: 26.01%
 - Lithuania: 15%
 - Denmark: 22%
 - Sweden: 22%
 - Ireland: 12%
 - Source: kpmg.com, eurstat.com
- There is no withholding tax income in Romania, Luxemburg, Netherlands, Austria: 25%, Belgium: 15%, Finland: 28%. Source: eurstat.com, kpmg.com**

TAIGHDE AN SCOLÁIRE: SCOLÁIRE A

CBA One Business in Action: Template for Student Research

Project option: Enterprise in Action <input type="checkbox"/>	Economics in Action <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Finance in Action <input type="checkbox"/>
Title of your project EU-benefits and (taxation) websites		Student name
Method of research Books, websites, and people		Field (primary) research <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Desk (secondary) research <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1.1 Introduction: Outline briefly the purpose of your research The purpose of my research was to find out European countries tax rates and to compare them to Ireland.		
1.2 Method of research: Explain briefly why you have chosen your method of research A reason I chose desk research was because I thought it would be easier and more efficient. A reason I chose field research was because I could research the information I needed to find easily.		
1.3 Sources: List your source(s) of information KPMG.com, europa.eu, ibfd.org, imis.com, eurostat.com, irltimes.com, 'Be Business' by Cardine Mahale, Survey Monkey.		
1.4 Summary: Give a brief summary of what you found out as a result of your research From my research I found that 50% of the people I surveyed didn't know much about the EU. 75% of the people I surveyed also thought that the Irish corporation tax rate was unfair. Only 25% of the people I surveyed think Ireland should be in charge of our tax rates instead of the European Central Bank. Only 25% of the people I surveyed think Ireland should have to contribute some of our taxes to the European Bank.		

GC 1: D'fhéadfadh an scoláire feabhsú trí bheith níos soiléire faoin nasc idir an taighde ar thug an scoláire faoi agus cus-póir an tionscadail.

GC 1: D'fhéadfadh an scoláire feabhsú tríd an nasc idir cus-póir na taighde (féach ar 1.1) agus achoimre ar na torthaí (féach ar 1.4) a thaispeáint go soiléir.

1.5 Evaluation of findings: Think critically about the following questions and write a short response

(a) Were you surprised by your findings? Give a reason for your answer.

Yes I was surprised as I thought a higher percentage of the people I surveyed would know more about Ireland's role in the European Union.

(b) Is the source of your research reliable? Give a reason for your answer

Yes my research is reliable. I know this as I used multiple websites to make sure I got the same results.

(c) Is the information one-sided or biased? Give a reason for your answer.

My information was ~~not~~ one-sided. I know this because I used multiple websites to check if my results were the same.

1.6 Conclusion: Based on your findings what is the key message you will share with your team?

From my findings the key message I will share with my team is that tax is looked at differently in other European Union countries and we see this from the rates of tax in Ireland compared to other EU countries.

1.7 Decision-making: How do you think your findings will affect your team's action plan?

~~From my findings~~ I know that my findings will affect my team's action plan as I have found out that Ireland have to contribute some of our taxes to the European Bank. This could result in Ireland leaving the EU.

1.8 Recording your sources: Provide some evidence of your research e.g. interview questions, questionnaire, photocopies, images, notes, graphic organizers etc.

GC 2: D'fhéadfadh an scoláire feabhsú trí chur níos fearr le torthaí cnuasaitheacha agus anailís chnuasaitheach an gh-rúpa de na torthaí seo.

MACHNAMH AN SCOLÁIRE: SCOLÁIRE A

Enterprise Business in Action: Template for Student Reflection

Project option: Enterprise in Action <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Economics in Action <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Finance in Action <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Title of your project EU-Benefits and Challenges (Taxation)	Student name:
1.1 Introduction: Provide a brief outline of your project My project is about taxation in the European Union. I chose to do this one topic as I thought it was an interesting topic.	
1.2 Roles and responsibilities: Describe your key role and your main responsibilities My responsibilities were to survey people on their knowledge of taxation in the European Union. I also had to fill the five of templates and fill my diary every night. I also had to find compare tax rates in other EU countries and them ^{in Ireland.}	
1.3 Summary: Give a brief summary of how you contributed to your project during the following activities:	
(a) How I contributed to researching the project I used desk and field research. I went onto multiple website to clarify that the information I had found was reliable.	
(b) How I contributed to analysing the research information I created a survey on the website 'Survey Monkey'. I emailed this survey to my friends and family and put their feedback into a survey and printed off the survey. I then brought it back to my team.	

(c) How I contributed to developing the action plan

For the action plan, ~~the~~ myself and Nathan did the strengths of the project.
~~the~~

(d) How I contributed to compiling the project

I used the book 'Be Business' by Caroline Mottale for my desk research. I also printed off my survey results and glued them onto the ~~the~~ project. I also cut out my findings ~~at~~ about other countries ^{zarettes} in the EU and glued them onto the project.

1.4 Review: Describe how you got on as a team and any difficulties you overcame while working as a team or Describe the advantages and challenges of working on this group project from your individual perspective

I think we got on ~~to~~ well together as a team. The only difficulty ~~we~~ we had was that ~~one~~ ~~person~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~group~~ I didn't have a printer to use. ~~as~~ ~~the~~ I overcame this by emailing my research to another member in the group to print off.

1.5 Teacher feedback

GC 5: D'fhéadfadh an scoláire feabhsú trí mhachnamh níos iomláine a dhéanamh ar na buntáistí agus na dúshláin a bhaineann le hobair ghrúpa

BREITHIÚNAS FORIOMLÁN

SCOLÁIRE A:

BREITHIÚNAS FORIOMLÁN



AG TEACHT LEIS NA HIONCHAIS



Thar barr ar fad



Os cionn na n-ionchas



Ag teacht leis na hionchais



Níor chomhlíon na hionchais go fóill