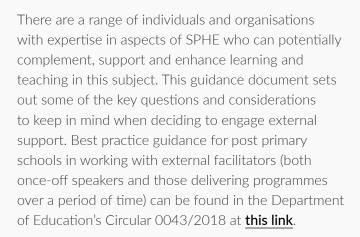
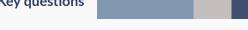
Working with external facilitators



Key questions



Is the external facilitator needed?

In general, the qualified classroom teacher is best placed to work sensitively and consistently with students and ideally SPHE should be taught by teachers who have completed relevant CPD. That said, there may be occasions when external facilitators can provide appropriate, additional expertise.

Who do I need to communicate with about what's happening?

External facilitators should be approved by the principal and board of management in consultation with the relevant teaching staff. All materials proposed for use by the external facilitator must be shared in advance with the principal and the board. Relevant school staff should also be informed of the details of the programme being provided by external facilitators, so that they can be alert and sensitive to any students who might need follow-up support. It is also important to make parents/carers aware in advance of the content of the programmes provided by external facilitators as this can provide a helpful opportunity for parents to discuss the topic.

Is the external facilitator complementing and supporting a planned comprehensive approach to SPHE?

Research shows that once-off inputs, which are not planned as part of an overall programme, are unlikely to have a long-term positive impact. To be effective, the external input needs to be part of an integrated programme of learning. Such inputs should be codesigned by the teacher and the external facilitator and include both lead-in and follow-up lessons. This ensures that the students can be fully prepared and have an opportunity to process and reflect on the learning experience afterwards.

Am I confident that the approach planned is positively framed and supportive of student wellbeing?

The approach taken should enhance protective factors which predispose students to building positive life skills, encouraging them to believe in their capacity to cope, developing their sense of self-efficacy over life circumstances and instilling hope. It should not use shock or scare tactics or attempt to deal with sensitive topics such as mental health, suicide, self-harm or eating disorders, without appropriate care and expertise.

Am I confident that the approach planned is up-todate, evidence-informed and relevant to the lifeexperiences of our students?

The input should provide factual, up-to-date, evidence-informed content that is balanced with opportunities for students to actively engage in discussion, reflection and participate in their learning so that they can apply the learning to their own lives. The content and methodologies should be appropriate to the developmental stage of the students –mindful that many students say their learning in SPHE is 'too little and too late'.



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Is the use of an external facilitator helping to build my capacity as an SPHE teacher?

As well as supporting student learning in SPHE, the aim when engaging with external facilitators should also always be to build teacher capacity. Being involved in planning and staying in the classroom during the session (perhaps co-facilitating all or aspects of the session) signals to the students that this topic in integral to their learning and allows you to build your understanding and skills at the same time.

Where can I find suitable external facilitators?

You might find the expertise you are looking for within your local community, for example by contacting your local health centre, a nurse or GP, a member of the Gardai or your local Drugs and Alcohol taskforce. Some non-government organisations (NGOs) also provide expert facilitators who work with school and youth settings on specialist topics. Teachers who require guidance on accessing support should contact OIDE or their local Health Service Executive's (HSE) Health Promotion team.

Questions for the teachers to consider



- What worked well? What didn't work so well?
- Was the content relevant and engaging for the students?
- Did the methodologies work? Did they enable students to be actively engaged in their learning?
- Did the session(s) achieve the relevant learning outcomes? How do we know?
- What changes would we make if offering this to another group of students.

Questions for the students to consider

- What did you find most/least useful or interesting about the session(s)?
- Would you recommend this session(s) for another year group? Why/not?
- What feedback would you give to make it better?

An example of effective practice

Effective practice when working with external facilitators has been found to occur where teachers have planned and taught a unit of learning and then invite in a class visitor towards the end of the unit of learning. With good pre-planning, the visitor can help address any outstanding questions that have surfaced, offer additional expertise or experience on the topic and point students towards local supports and services which they or a friend might need at some stage in their lives. Examples of people who can support SPHE in this way include mental health services, sexual health services, a nurse or GP, a member of the Gardai or your local Drugs and Alcohol taskforce and some Non-Government Organisations.

Other important considerations

- All external facilitators must be garda vetted and compliant with the school's child protection policy and other relevant school policies and procedures.
- External facilitators should be qualified to work within the specific area of content and with the students for whom the session(s) are designed.
- Facilitators should demonstrate appropriate understanding of the SPHE curriculum and be able to link their work to relevant SPHE learning outcomes.

